

Appln. No. 09/755,497
Amdt. dated: August 16, 2004
Reply to Office Action dated May 19, 2004

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) In a base station wideband transceiver capable of operating in a wireless cellular communications system that communicates with mobile subscribers, a method for equalization in transmit and receive levels, comprising the steps of:

assigning a plurality of transmit and receive carrier frequencies, each defining an RF channel, to the base station wideband transceiver; and

flattening a spectral response of said base station transceiver across a range of frequencies including the plurality of transmit and receive carrier frequencies using software amplitude pre-distortion.
2. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the step of flattening further comprises the step of discretely flattening the power in each of the plurality of transmit and receive carrier frequencies to provide one nominal output level for a predetermined input level for each transmitted or received RF carrier.
3. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the step of flattening using software amplitude pre-distortion further comprises the step of applying a series of flattening coefficients to the receive and transmit signals to compensate for at least the effects of a digital-to-analog converter in the base station wideband transceiver.
4. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the step of flattening using software amplitude pre-distortion further comprises the step of compensating for narrowband IF ripple and filter roll-off distortion.
5. (Original) The method according to claim 4, wherein the step of flattening

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using software amplitude pre-distortion further comprises the step of compensating for wideband RF ripple and filter roll-off distortion.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the method further comprises the step of making narrowband IF channel measurements using an automated broadband radio frequency transceiver test (ABRFTT) to determine a set of coefficients for each narrowband IF channel.

7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the ABRFTT further comprises the step of making wideband RF channel measurements that step through the wideband bandwidth to determine a set of coefficients for the wideband RF channel.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the ABRFTT creates 25 narrowband coefficients for a 5 MHz IF bandwidth and 300 wideband coefficients for a 60 MHz RF bandwidth having 200 kHz channels.

9. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the method further comprises the step of storing the coefficients in a memory in the base station wideband transceiver enabling the interchangeability of base station wideband transceivers within the wireless cellular communication system.

10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the method further comprises the steps of storing the wideband coefficients and the narrowband coefficients in a look-up table in memory within the base station wideband transceiver.

11. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the method further comprises the step of setting a corresponding gain for each individual radio frequency based on the narrowband IF and wideband RF coefficients determined from the automated broadband radio transceiver test.

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12. (Currently amended) A broadband radio frequency base station transceiver capable of receiving and transmitting simultaneously on multiple frequencies, comprising:

a receiver coupled to a plurality of analog-to-digital converters, wherein the analog-to-digital converters provide a plurality of digitized signals;

a transmitter coupled to a digital-to-analog converter, wherein the digital-to-analog converter produces an analog signal from a multi-channel digital combiner; and

at least one digital signal processor programmed to discretely flatten a spectral response of said base station transceiver across a range of frequencies including the plurality of transmit and receive carrier frequencies, each defining an RF channel, using software amplitude pre-distortion.

13. (Original) The broadband radio frequency base station transceiver of claim 12, wherein the receiver has a receiver digital signal processor that applies a series of flattening coefficients to the receive signal to compensate for the effects of the wideband RF and narrowband IF ripple and filter roll-off distortion.

14. (Previously presented) The broadband radio frequency base station transceiver of claim 12, wherein the transmitter has a transmitter digital signal processor that applies a series of flattening coefficients to compensate for the effects of the digital-to-analog converter.

15. (Previously presented) The broadband radio frequency base station transceiver of claim 12, wherein the transceiver further comprises a transceiver microprocessor module having memory for storing a plurality of wideband RF and narrowband IF coefficients for setting a corresponding gain for each individual frequency.

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16. (Previously presented) The broadband radio frequency base station transceiver of claim 12, wherein the transceiver is a translating repeater.

17. (Currently amended) A wireless cellular communications system with improved equalization in transmit and receive levels, comprises:

a plurality of wideband base station transceivers communicating with mobile subscribers, wherein a plurality of transmit and receive carrier radio frequencies are assigned to the plurality of wideband base station transceivers, each of the wideband base station transceivers comprises:

a receiver coupled to an plurality of analog-to-digital converters, wherein the analog-to-digital converters provide a plurality of digitized signals to a corresponding plurality of digital channelizers;

a transmitter coupled to a digital-to-analog converter, wherein the digital-to-analog converter receives an analog signal from a multi-channel digital combiner;

a first digital signal processor programmed to discretely flatten the power in each of the plurality of receive carrier frequencies, each defining an RF channel, using software amplitude pre-distortion; and

a second digital signal processor programmed to discretely flatten the power in each of the plurality of transmit carrier frequencies using software amplitude pre-distortion.

18. (Previously presented) The wireless communication system of claim 17, wherein each of the plurality of wideband base station transceivers is a translating repeater.

19. (Previously presented) A method for equalizing a spectral response of a wireless cellular base station transceiver configurable for operating within any one of a plurality of relatively narrow segments of a wireless communications band, comprising the steps of:

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storing a generic set of coefficients representative of amplitude distortions occurring as a result of signal conversions between analog and digital formats in said base station transceiver;

storing at least one set of transceiver specific coefficients representative of amplitude distortions associated with a specific broadband base station RF transceiver; and

equalizing an amplitude response of said specific broadband base station RF transceiver at a plurality of transmit and receive carrier frequencies within a selected one of said segments using said generic set of coefficients and said transceiver specific coefficients to perform software amplitude pre-distortion.

20. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 19 further comprising the step of selecting said at least one set of transceiver specific coefficients to include a first set of transceiver specific coefficients representative of amplitude distortions exclusive to narrowband processing within said specific broadband base station transceiver.

21. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 20 further comprising the step of selecting said transceiver specific coefficients to further include at least a second set of transceiver specific coefficients representative of amplitude distortions associated with wideband signal processing within said specific broadband base station transceiver.

22. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 21 further comprising the step of performing said software amplitude pre-distortion concurrently using said first and second sets of transceiver specific coefficients.

23. (Previously presented) A broadband wireless cellular base station transceiver configurable for operating within any one of a plurality of relatively narrow segments of a wireless communications band, comprising:

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a receiver comprising at least one device for converting between an analog and a digital format;

a memory device containing a generic set of coefficients representative of amplitude distortions occurring as a result of signal conversions between analog and digital formats in said base station transceiver;

a memory device containing at least one set of transceiver specific coefficients representative of amplitude distortions associated with said specific base station RF transceiver; and

at least one digital signal processor programmed to equalize an amplitude response of said specific broadband base station RF transceiver at a plurality of transmit and receive carrier frequencies within a selected one of said segments using said generic set of coefficients and said transceiver specific coefficients to perform software amplitude pre-distortion.

24. (Previously presented) The broadband wireless cellular base station transceiver according to claim 23 wherein said at least one set of transceiver specific coefficients includes a first set of transceiver specific coefficients representative of amplitude distortions exclusive to narrowband processing within said specific broadband base station RF transceiver.

25. (Previously presented) The broadband wireless cellular base station transceiver according to claim 24 wherein said transceiver specific coefficients further include at least a second set of transceiver specific coefficients representative of amplitude distortions associated with wideband signal processing within said specific broadband base station RF transceiver.

26. (Previously presented) The broadband wireless cellular base station transceiver according to claim 25 wherein said digital signal processor concurrently uses said first and second sets of transceiver specific coefficients to perform said software amplitude predistortion.

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